

E priedas. Trijų laisvės laipsnių modelio analitinės išraiškos

Visos sistemos kinetinė energija $Ke=Ke_1+Ke_2+Ke_3$:

$$Ke = \frac{m_1 \left[\left(-l_{oc1} \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right)^2 + l_{oc1}^2 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_3 \right] + m_3 \left[\left(\sigma_2 + l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) + l_{bc3} \cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2 \right] + \left(\sigma_1 + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) + l_{bc3} \sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2 + m_2 \left[\left(\sigma_2 + l_{ac2} \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2 + \left(\sigma_1 + l_{ac2} \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2 \right]}{2} + \frac{\left(J_1 \sigma_3 + J_2 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2 + J_3 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2 \right)}{2}$$

Kur atskiri kinetinės energijos Ke nariai:

$$\sigma_1 = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

$$\sigma_2 = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

$$\sigma_3 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right)^2$$

Sistemos Lagranžianas L kaip skirtumas tarp kinetinės ir potencinės energijų:

$$L = \frac{m_1 \left[\left(-l_{oc1} \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right)^2 + l_{oc1}^2 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t))^2 \sigma_4 \right] + m_3 \left[\left(\sigma_2 + l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) + l_{bc3} \cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2 + \left(\sigma_1 + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) + l_{bc3} \sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2 \right] + m_2 \left[\left(\sigma_2 + l_{ac2} \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2 + \left(\sigma_1 + l_{ac2} \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2 \right]}{2} + \frac{J_1 \sigma_4 + \frac{J_2 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2}{2} + \frac{J_3 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2}{2}}{2} - g m_2 (\sigma_3 + l_{ac2} \cos(\theta_{2z}(t))) - g m_3 (\sigma_3 + l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) + l_{bc3} \cos(\theta_{3z}(t))) - g l_{oc1} m_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t))$$

Kur atskiri Lagranžiano L nariai:

$$\sigma_1 = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

$$\sigma_2 = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

$$\sigma_3 = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t))$$

$$\sigma_4 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right)^2$$

Sudaromas matematinis modelis – 3-jų lygčių nehomogeninių antros eilės paprastųjų diferencialinių lygčių sistema.

Pirmajai apibendrintajai koordinatei θ_{1z} :

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_2 &= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(2l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) (\sigma_{10} - \sigma_3 + l_{ac2} \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_2 + \sigma_9 + l_{ac2} \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_1) \right. \\ \left. - 2l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) (\sigma_8 + l_{ac2} \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_2 - \sigma_{11} - l_{ac2} \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_1) \right) \\ - l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \left(\sigma_5 + l_{ac2} \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) 2 \\ + l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \left(\sigma_4 + l_{ac2} \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) 2 \end{array} \right\} / 2 \\
 -m_3 &= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(2l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \left(\sigma_8 + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_2 + l_{bc3} \sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \sigma_6 - \sigma_{11} \right) \right. \\ \left. - l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_1 - l_{bc3} \cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \sigma_7 \right) \\ - 2l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \left(\sigma_{10} - \sigma_3 + l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_2 + l_{bc3} \cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \sigma_6 + \sigma_9 + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \sigma_1 \right) \\ + l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \left(\sigma_5 + l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) + l_{bc3} \cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) 2 \\ - l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \left(\sigma_4 + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) + l_{bc3} \sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) 2 \end{array} \right\} / 2 \\
 +m_1 &= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(2l_{ocl} \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) (l_{ocl} \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{12} - \sigma_3 + l_{ocl} \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{13}) \right. \\ \left. + 2l_{ocl} \cos(\theta_{1z}(t))^2 \sigma_{13} - 4l_{ocl} \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{12} \right) \\ - 2l_{ocl} \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \left(-l_{ocl} \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \end{array} \right\} / 2 \\
 + J_1 \sigma_{13} - g l_1 m_2 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) - g l_1 m_3 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) - g l_{ocl} m_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) = \tau_{1z} - \tau_{2z}
 \end{aligned}$$

Kur:

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{2z}(t), \sigma_2 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_3 = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t), \sigma_4 = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

$$\sigma_5 = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t), \sigma_6 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_7 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{3z}(t), \sigma_8 = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{12}, \sigma_9 = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{13}$$

$$\sigma_{10} = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{12}, \sigma_{11} = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{13}, \sigma_{12} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_{13} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

Antrajai apibendrintajai koordinatei, θ_{2z}

$$m_2 \left(\begin{array}{l} 2l_{ac2}\sin(\theta_{2z}(t))(\sigma_9 - \sigma_6 + l_{ac2}\cos(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_2 + \sigma_{10} + l_{ac2}\sin(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_1) \\ - 2l_{ac2}\cos(\theta_{2z}(t))(\sigma_8 + l_{ac2}\sin(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_2 - \sigma_{11} - l_{ac2}\cos(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_1) \\ - l_{ac2}\sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \left(\sigma_4 + l_{ac2}\cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) 2 \\ + l_{ac2}\cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \left(\sigma_3 + l_{ac2}\sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) 2 \end{array} \right) / 2$$

$$- m_3 \left(\begin{array}{l} 2l_2\cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \left(\sigma_8 + l_2\sin(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_2 + l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_5 - \sigma_{11} \right) \\ - l_2\cos(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_1 - l_{bc3}\cos(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_7 \\ - 2l_2\sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \left(\sigma_9 - \sigma_6 + l_2\cos(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_2 + l_{bc3}\cos(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_5 + \sigma_{10} + l_2\sin(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_1 \right) \\ + l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_7 \\ + l_2\sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \left(\sigma_4 + l_2\cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) + l_{bc3}\cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_3(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) 2 \\ - l_2\cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \left(\sigma_3 + l_2\sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_2(t) + l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_3(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) 2 \end{array} \right) / 2$$

$$+ J_2\sigma_1 - g l_2 m_3 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) - g l_{ac2} m_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) = \tau_{2z} - \tau_{3z}$$

Kur:

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{2z}(t), \sigma_2 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_3 = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t), \sigma_4 = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

$$\sigma_5 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_6 = 0, \sigma_7 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{3z}(t), \sigma_8 = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{12}, \sigma_9 = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{12}$$

$$\sigma_{10} = l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{13}, \sigma_{11} = l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \sigma_{13}, \sigma_{12} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_{13} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{1z}(t)$$

Trečiajai apibendrintajai koordinatei, θ_{3z}

$$J_3\sigma_1 - m_3 \left(\begin{array}{l} 2l_{bc3}\cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \left(l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t))\sigma_6 + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_5 + l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_4 - l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t))\sigma_3 \right) \\ - l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_2 - l_{bc3}\cos(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_1 \\ - 2l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \left(l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t))\sigma_6 + l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_5 + l_{bc3}\cos(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_4 \right) \\ + l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t))\sigma_3 + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t))\sigma_2 + l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t))\sigma_1 \\ + l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \left(l_1 \cos(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) + l_2 \cos(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) 2 - l_{bc3}\cos(\theta_{3z}(t)) \\ \left(l_1 \sin(\theta_{1z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) + l_2 \sin(\theta_{2z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) + l_{bc3}\sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_3(t) \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) 2 \end{array} \right) / 2$$

$$- g l_{bc3} m_3 \sin(\theta_{3z}(t)) = \tau_{3z}$$

Kur:

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{3z}(t), \sigma_2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{2z}(t), \sigma_3 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta_{1z}(t), \sigma_4 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{3z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_5 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{2z}(t) \right)^2, \sigma_6 = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta_{1z}(t) \right)^2$$